



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

The immediate cause of this he takes to be a præternatural thickness of the Blood occasion'd by a beginning Coagulation of those parts of it, which constitute the Crassamentum, whereby the Globules of the Blood, and the particles of the Serum were imprison'd in a sort of Reticulum form'd by the Union of the Fibres of the Blood.

The occasional Cause of this Sicknefs he deduces from the cold and wetness of the Season, which reign'd all the preceeding Year from *October 1710*, to *November 1711*. Which Observation is worthy of remark, since the Season preceeding the Mortality among the Cattle here in *England* was remarkably dry, and yet the Symptoms of the Distemper agreed with those observ'd in *Italy*, as may appear from the Account given by the Learned Mr. *Bates*, Surgeon to his Majesty's Household in *Philosophical Transactions*, No. 358

For the particular manner in which this learned Gentleman endeavours to account Mechanically for the thickness of the Blood in these Animals, from the condition of the Season, and from that thickness of the Blood to deduce all the particular Symptoms of the Distemper, as likewise for his Conjectures concerning those Medicines, which might have been serviceable to the sick Cattle; he not having made tryal of any, we must refer the Curious to the Treatise it self.

F I N I S.

E R R A T A.

No. 363. Fig. 8. A B, which by mistake of the Graver, is shaded and made to represent a Hollow Cone, ought to be only two lines meeting in an Angle, to represent a perpendicular Section thro' two inclined Planes. No. 364. p. 24. l. 4. for *Biquadrate* read *Square*.

LONDON: Printed by W. and J. Innys, Printers to the Royal Society, at the Prince's Arms in St Paul's Church Yard. 1722.